## **FINAL ANSWER KEY**

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Let A, B, C be any three finite sets.

If 
$$n(A \times B) = 160$$
,  $n(B \times C) = 80$  and  $n(C \times A) = 200$ , then  $n(A) = 160$ 

- **A**) 10
- **B**) 18
- **c**) 16
- **D**) 12
- E) 20

Correct Answer: Option E

- **2.** Let  $f(x) = x^2 10x 19$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then the inverse image of 5,  $f^{-1}(5) =$
- A)  $\{-2, -12\}$
- B)  $\{-2,12\}$
- c)  $\{2, -12\}$
- D) {2, 12}
- **E**) ф

Correct Answer: Option B

- 3. Let f(x) = cos x. Then the value of  $\frac{1}{2}[f(x+y) + f(y-x)] f(x)f(y)$  is equal to
- **A**) 2
- **B**) -2
- c) 1
- **D**) -1
- **E**) 0

Correct Answer : Option E

- **4.** Let  $f(x) = \log_5 x(x>0)$  and  $g(x) = \cos^{-1} x(-1 \le x \le 1)$ . Then the domain of  $g \circ f$  is
  - **A**) (0,1]
  - B)  $[-1,\alpha)$
  - $\mathbf{C}$ )  $[0,\alpha)$
  - D)  $\left[\frac{1}{5}, 5\right]$
  - [-1,5]

## Correct Answer: Option D

- **5.** Let  $z = 1 + \frac{1}{i}$ . Then the value of  $z^4$  is equal to
  - A) 4
  - B) -4
  - c) 1-i
  - D) 1+i
  - E) i

## Correct Answer: Option B

- **6.** The modulus of the complex number  $(2\sqrt{2} + i2\sqrt{2})^2$  is equal to
  - **A**) 64
  - B) 4
  - **c**) 32
  - **D**) 8
  - E) 16

#### Correct Answer: Option E

- **7.** If  $z + \bar{z} = 6$  and  $z \bar{z} = 4i$ , then  $|z|^2 =$ 
  - A) 36
  - **B**) 16
  - **c**) 15
  - **D**) 13
  - **E**) 9

#### Correct Answer: Option D

- **8.** Let  $z = \frac{2-i}{\alpha+i}$ , where  $\alpha$  is a real number. If  $4Re(z) = 3Im(\bar{z})$  then the value of  $\alpha$  is
  - **A**) 5
  - **B**) -5
  - **c**) 3
  - D) 2
  - E) -2

#### Correct Answer: Option D

- **9.** In a G.P., the first and third terms are 4 and 8 respectively. Then the  $21^{st}$  term is
  - **A)** 4012
  - B) 4064
  - c) 4098

- **D**) 2048
- E) 4096

#### Correct Answer: Option E

- **10.** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots$  be in G.P. If  $a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot a_3 = 64$  and  $a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot a_4 \cdot a_5 = 32$ , then common ratio is
- **A**)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- **B**)  $\frac{1}{8}$
- **c**)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- **D**)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- E)  $\frac{1}{4}$

#### Correct Answer: Option D

- The general term of a sequence is  $t_n = \frac{n(n+6)}{n+4}$ ,  $n=1,2,3,\ldots$  If  $t_n=5$ , then the value of n is
  - **A**) 2
  - **B**) 3
  - c) 4
  - **D**) 5
  - **E**) 6

## Correct Answer: Option C

- **12.** The product of first 5 terms of a G.P., whose terms are increasing, is 32. The third term of the G.P. is
- **A**) 2
- **B**)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- **c**) 4
- **D**)  $\frac{1}{8}$
- **E**) 8

#### Correct Answer: Option A

- **13.** Let  $\alpha=\sum_{k=0}^5 {}^{10}C_{2k}$  and  $\beta=\sum_{k=0}^4 {}^{10}C_{2k+1}$ . Then  $\alpha-\beta$  is equal to
  - A) 32
  - B) 64

- **c**) 128
- **D**) 256
- **E**) 0

#### Correct Answer: Option E

**14.** If  $\alpha = {}^n C_r$  and  $\beta = {}^n C_{r-1}$ , then  $1 + \frac{\alpha}{\beta}$  is equal to

- A)  $\frac{n+1}{r-1}$
- $\mathbf{B}\,) \qquad \frac{n+1}{r}$
- C)  $\frac{n-1}{1}$
- $\mathbf{D}) \qquad \frac{n-r+1}{r}$
- $\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{n+1}{r+1}$

## Correct Answer: Option B

**15.** If  $^{11}P_r = 7920$  , then the value of r is equal to

- **A**) 7
- **B**) 6
- **c**) 5
- D) 4
- **E**) 3

Correct Answer: Option D

16. In the binomial expansion of  $(2x + \alpha)^8$ , the co-efficients of  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  are equal. Then the value of  $\alpha$  is equal to

- **A**) 2
- $\mathsf{B}) \quad \frac{1}{4}$
- **c**) 4
- $\mathsf{D}) \quad \frac{1}{2}$
- **E**) 3

#### Correct Answer: Option C

17. Let  $A = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$ . The number of 5-digit numbers that can be formed using the digits in A without replacement, is

- **A**) 120
- **B**) 96
- **c**) 88
- D) 64

#### Correct Answer: Option B

**18.** Let A be a 3×3 matrix and let B=3A . If |A|=5 , then the value of  $\frac{|adj B|}{|3A|}$  is equal to

- A) 27
- B) 125
- c) 25
- **D**) 135
- E) 81

Correct Answer: Option D

**19.** If 
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -4 \\ -5 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$$
, then the value of  $\alpha + \beta$  is equal to

- **A**) -18
- **B**) 18
- c) 21
- **D**) -21
- **E**) -2

Correct Answer: Option E

**20.** If the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 8-k & 2 \\ -2 & 4-k \end{bmatrix}$  is singular, then the value of k is equal to

- **A**) 6
- **B**) 5
- c) 4
- **D**) 3
- **E**) 2

Correct Answer: Option A

The following system of equations

has no unique solution. Then the value of m is equal to

- **A**) 3
- **B**) 5
- **c**) 2
- **D**) -2
- **E**) -3

## Correct Answer: Option D

**22.** The set of all x satisfying the inequalities  $-4 \le 2 - 3x < 7$  is

- A)  $\left(2,\frac{5}{3}\right)$
- $\mathbf{B} ) \qquad \left[ 2, \frac{5}{3} \right)$
- **c**)  $\left[\frac{-11}{3}, 2\right]$
- $\mathbf{D} ) \qquad \left( \frac{-5}{3}, 2 \right]$
- $\mathsf{E}) \quad \left[\frac{-7}{3}, 2\right]$

Correct Answer: Option D

**23.**  $-5 < x \le -1$  implies  $-21 < 5x + 4 \le b$ , the least value of b is

- **A**) 5
- **B**) -5
- c) -4
- D) 4
- **E**) -1

Correct Answer: Option E

**24.**  $tan15^{\circ} + tan75^{\circ} =$ 

- A)  $\sqrt{5} + 1$
- B) 2
- c)  $\sqrt{7} 1$
- D) 4
- **E**) 0

Correct Answer: Option D

**25.** If x+z=2y and  $y=\frac{\pi}{4}$  ,then  $\tan x \tan y \tan z=$ 

- **A**) 1
- B) tan(x-y)
- c) tan(z-y)
- $\mathsf{D}) \quad \frac{1}{2}$
- **E**) 0

Correct Answer: Option A

**26.** If  $\sin x + \sin y = a$ ,  $\cos x + \cos y = b$  and  $x + y = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ , then the value of  $\frac{a}{b}$  is equal

- $\mathbf{A}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
- B)  $2\sqrt{3}$
- c)  $\sqrt{3}$
- D)  $4\sqrt{3}$
- $\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**27.** If  $\sin \alpha = \frac{12}{13}$ , where  $\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \frac{3\pi}{2}$  then the value of  $\tan \alpha$  is equal to

- **A)**  $\frac{5}{12}$
- B)  $\frac{13}{5}$
- **c**)  $\frac{-12}{5}$
- **D**)  $\frac{-13}{5}$
- E)  $\frac{-1}{12}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**28.** If  $f(x) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ , then  $f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$  is equal to

- A)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- $\mathsf{B}) \quad \frac{2\pi}{3}$
- C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- $D) \frac{4\pi}{3}$
- **E**) 0

Correct Answer: Option C

**29.** if  $5 \sin^{-1} \alpha + 3\cos^{-1} \alpha = \pi$  ,then  $\alpha$  is equal to

- A)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- B) ^
- **C**)  $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D) -1

Correct Answer: Option C

**30.** If  $\theta = \cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$ , then  $\sec^2 \theta$ 

- A)  $\frac{1+x}{2}$
- $\mathbf{B} ) \quad \frac{1-x}{2}$
- C)  $\frac{2}{1-x}$
- $\mathsf{D}$ )  $\mathcal{X}$
- E) 2x

Correct Answer: Option C

The straight line ax + by + c = 0 passes through the point (-10, 7). If the line is perpendicular to 11x - 7y = 13, then the value of c is equal to

- **A**) 8
- B) -7
- **c**) 13
- **D**) -13
- **E**) 5

**Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled** 

**32.** Let ABC be an equilateral triangle. If the coordinates of A are (-2,2) and the side BC is along the line x+y=6, then the length of the side of the triangle is

- A)  $2\sqrt{3}$
- B)  $3\sqrt{2}$
- c)  $4\sqrt{6}$
- D)  $6\sqrt{6}$
- E)  $2\sqrt{6}$

 $\textbf{Correct Answer}: \mathsf{Option}\; \mathsf{E}$ 

**33.** The focus of the parabola  $x^2 - 4x + 8y + 4 = 0$  is

- A) (-2, -2)
- B) (1,1)
- $c_{1}(2,1)$
- D) (2, -2)
- E) (1,2)

Correct Answer: Option D

34. A circle touches the x- axis at (9, 0). If it also touches the straight line y=14, then the equation of the circle is

A) 
$$(x-9)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 49$$

B) 
$$x^2 + (y-7)^2 = 49$$

c) 
$$(x-9)^2 + y^2 = 49$$

D) 
$$(x-9)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 81$$

E) 
$$(x-7)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 49$$

Correct Answer: Option A

The length of major axis and minor axis of an ellipse are, respectively, m and n. If  $m^2-1$  and  $n^2=45$  and the eccentricity of the ellipse is  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$ , then the length of the major axis is

- **A**) 13
- **B**) 6
- **c**) 12
- **D**) 18
- **E**) 9

Correct Answer: Option E

**36.** The vertex of the parabola  $4y = x^2 - 6x + 17$  is

- A) (3,2)
- B) (4,3)
- $c_{1}(4,2)$
- D) (3,7)
- E) (7,2)

Correct Answer : Option A

**37.** The eccentricity of the hyperbola  $\frac{(2x-6)^2}{2} - \frac{(4y+7)^2}{16} = 1$  is

- A)  $\sqrt{5}$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
- c)  $\sqrt{3}$
- D)  $\sqrt{10}$
- $\mathbf{E}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**38.** Let  $\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b} = \lambda \ \hat{\imath} + 16 \hat{\jmath} - 18 \hat{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b} = 2 \hat{\imath} + 8 \hat{\jmath} + \lambda \ \hat{k}$ . If  $\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}$  is perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}$ , then  $|\overrightarrow{a}| =$ 

- **A)**  $5\sqrt{13}$
- B)  $\sqrt{174}$
- c)  $\sqrt{184}$
- **D**)  $13\sqrt{5}$
- E)  $\sqrt{194}$

Correct Answer: Option E

**39.** If  $|\vec{a}|=12$  and the projection of  $\vec{a}$  on  $\vec{b}$  is  $6\sqrt{3}$ , then the angle between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  is

- A)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \frac{\pi}{6}$
- C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- $\mathbf{D}) \quad \frac{2\pi}{3}$
- E)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

Correct Answer: Option B

**40.** Let  $\vec{a} = 6\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ . If  $\vec{b}$  is parallel to  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{a}$ .  $\vec{b} = \frac{49}{2}$ , then  $|\vec{b}| = \frac{49}{2}$ 

- **A**) 49
- B) 7
- **c**) 14
- D)  $7\sqrt{2}$
- E)  $\frac{7}{2}$

Correct Answer : Option E

41. If  $|\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}| = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}$  where  $\overrightarrow{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{b}$  are unit vectors, then the value of  $|\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}|^2 - |\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}|^2$  is equal to

- **A**) 3
- B) 4
- c)  $\sqrt{5}$
- D)  $\sqrt{7}$
- E) 7

## Correct Answer: Option A

Let  $\alpha$  ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  be the angles made by a straight line with the x-axis, y-axis and z-axis

- **42.** respectively. If  $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma = \frac{5}{3}$ , then the value of  $\cos \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \beta$  $\cos \gamma + \cos \gamma \cos \alpha$  is equal to
  - **A)**  $\frac{11}{3}$

  - B)  $\frac{8}{9}$ C)  $\frac{11}{9}$ D)  $\frac{7}{3}$

  - E)

## Correct Answer: Option B

- A straight line passing through (6,1,3) meets the line  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z-2}{3}$  at Q. If the lines are **43**. perpendicular to each other, then the coordinates of Q are
  - (2,1,3)A)
  - (1,2,3)B)
  - (3,1,5)C)
  - (2,-1,3)D)
  - (-1,2,3)E)

# Correct Answer: Option C

- **44.** The angle between the lines  $\frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y+1}{-1} = \frac{z-2}{-1}$  and  $\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z+3}{-2}$  is
  - **A**)  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}\right)$
  - $\mathbf{B} ) \qquad \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \right)$
  - $\mathbf{C}$ )  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$
  - **D**)  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$
  - **E**)  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}\right)$

# Correct Answer: Option D

A straight line passes through the points (10,8, 6) and (13,9, 4). A unit vector parallel to 45. this line is

A) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{17}}(3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{j} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(\hat{\imath} + \hat{\jmath} - 2\hat{k})$$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}(3\hat{i}+\hat{j}+2\hat{k})$$

D) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{17}}(3\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+2\hat{k})$$

E) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}(3\hat{i}+\hat{j}-2\hat{k})$$

Correct Answer: Option E

A box contains 4 red and 6 white marbles. Two successive draws of 3 balls are made without replacement. The probability that in the first draw, all the 3 balls are white and in the second draw, all the 3 balls are red, is

**A)** 
$$\frac{2}{105}$$

**B**) 
$$\frac{1}{70}$$

**C**) 
$$\frac{4}{105}$$

**D**) 
$$\frac{1}{105}$$

E) 
$$\frac{1}{35}$$

Correct Answer : Option A

**47.** Let A and B be two events. If  $P(A \mid B) = 0.4$ ,  $P(A \mid B') = 0.7$  and P(B) = 0.7, then  $P(A \mid B') = 0.7$ 

- A) 0.44
- **B**) 0.54
- **c**) 0.49
- **D**) 0.5
- **E**) 0.65

Correct Answer : Option C

**48.** The standard deviation of the numbers -3, 0, 3, 8 is

- $A) \quad \frac{\sqrt{60}}{2}$
- **B**)  $\frac{\sqrt{62}}{2}$
- **c**)  $\frac{\sqrt{65}}{2}$
- **D**)  $\frac{\sqrt{66}}{2}$

$$\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{67}}{2}$$

### Correct Answer: Option D

An unbiased die is tossed until 5 appears. If X denotes the number of tosses required,

- **49.** then  $\frac{P(X=2)}{P(X=5)} =$ 
  - A)  $\frac{25}{36}$
  - B)  $\frac{125}{216}$
  - **C**)  $\frac{216}{125}$
  - **D**)  $\frac{36}{25}$
  - E)  $\frac{216}{25}$

#### Correct Answer: Option C

**50.**  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1 + \cos x}}$  is equal to

- A)  $4\sqrt{2}$
- B) 4
- c)  $2\sqrt{2}$
- D)  $\sqrt{2}$
- **E**) 0

### Correct Answer: Option A

**51.** Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\tan \alpha x + (\beta + 1)\tan x}{x}, & \text{for } x \neq 0 \\ 5, & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$  be continuous at x = 0. Then the value of  $\alpha + \beta$  is equal to

- A) 2
- **B**) 3
- c) 4
- **D**) 5
- **E**) 6

## Correct Answer : Option C

**52.** The domain of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3} + 4\sqrt{5-x}$  is

- **A**) [1,2]
- B) [2,4]
- **c**) [3,5]

- [3,20] D)
- [12,20] E)

Correct Answer: Option C

**53.** If 
$$f(x) = \frac{3^x}{3^x + \sqrt{3}}$$
, then  $f(x) + f(1 - x)$  is equal to

- A)  $\sqrt{3}$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
- c)  $2\sqrt{3}$
- D)
- E)

Correct Answer: Option D

**54.** 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{\cos^2 x + 3} - \sqrt{\cos^2 x + \sin x + 3}}{x} =$$

- A)
- B)  $\frac{-1}{4}$
- **D**)  $\frac{-1}{2}$
- E)

Correct Answer: Option B

**55.** If 
$$f(x) = |x^2 + x - 6|$$
 is not differentiable at  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , then  $a^2 + b^2 = a$ 

- A) 11
- 14 B)
- C) 12
- 13 D)
- 16 E)

Correct Answer: Option D

**56.** Let 
$$f(x) = |\sin 3x| - |\cos 3x|$$
, where  $\frac{\pi}{6} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$ . Then the value of  $f'(\frac{\pi}{4})$  is equal to

- A)  $-3\sqrt{2}$
- B)  $3\sqrt{2}$
- **C**)  $\frac{-3}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D)

0 E)

Correct Answer: Option A

Let  $h(x) = f(\sqrt{g(x)})$ . If f'(3) = 6, g'(3) = 3 and g(3) = 9, then the value of h'(3) = 1**57**. (3) is equal to

- A)
- 3 B)
- 6 C)
- 9 D)
- E) 18

Correct Answer: Option B

**58.** Let  $f(x) = (\cos^2 x)(a + \cos x)$ . If  $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 0$  then the value of a is equal to

- A)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- B)  $\frac{3}{4}$ C)  $\frac{-3}{4}$
- **D**)  $\frac{-3}{2}$
- E)

Correct Answer: Option C

**59.** If  $y = tan^{-1}(x^2 - x)$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$ 

- $A) \qquad \frac{2x}{1+\left(x^2-x\right)^2}$
- B)  $\frac{2x-1}{1+(x^2-x)^2}$
- c)  $\frac{2x-1}{1-(x^2-x)^2}$
- **D**)  $\frac{-2x+1}{1+(x^2-x)^2}$
- $(2x-1)(1+(x^2-x)^2)$

Correct Answer: Option B

The function  $f(x) = x^2(x-2)$  is strictly decreasing in **60**.

- A) (1,2)
- B) (-1.1)
- C)  $\left(\frac{4}{3},\infty\right)$

- **D**) (-1,0)
- $\mathsf{E}) \qquad \left(0, \frac{4}{3}\right)$

### Correct Answer: Option E

The surface area of a solid hemisphere is increasing at the rate of  $8\,$  c  $m^2$  / sec

- **61.** (retaining its shape). Then the rate of change of its volume (in  $cm^3$  / sec ), when the radius is 5cm, is
  - **A**)  $\frac{50}{3}$
  - **B**)  $\frac{20}{3}$
  - **c**)  $\frac{40}{3}$
  - **D**)  $\frac{25}{3}$
  - **E**)  $\frac{80}{3}$

### Correct Answer: Option C

- **62.** The function  $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 36x + 28$  is increasing in
- A)  $(-\infty, -1] \cup [3, \infty)$
- B)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [3, \infty)$
- c)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [5, \infty)$
- $(-\infty, -5] \cup [3, \infty)$
- E)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [8, \infty)$

### Correct Answer: Option B

- **63.** Let  $f(x) = x^2 + \alpha x + \beta$ . If f has a local minimum at (2, 6), then f(0) is equal to
- **A**) 10
- **B**) -6
- **c**) 8
- **D**) -8
- **E**) 6

## Correct Answer: Option A

**64.** 
$$\int \frac{2x^2 + 4x + 3}{x^2 + x + 1} \, dx =$$

A) 
$$2log_e | x^2 + x + 1 | + C$$

B) 
$$2x \log_e |x^2 + x + 1| + C$$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{2} log_e | x^2 + x + 1 | + C$$

$$(2x + \log_{e} | x^{2} + x + 1 | + C)$$

$$E_1$$
  $x + 2log_e | x^2 + x + 1 | + C$ 

Correct Answer: Option D

**65.** 
$$\int \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} \, dx =$$

A) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(\sin^{-1}x)^2 + C$$

B) 
$$-(\sin^{-1}x)\sqrt{1-x^2}+C$$

c) 
$$(\sin^{-1}x)\sqrt{1-x^2}+x+C$$

D) 
$$(\sin^{-1}x)\sqrt{1-x^2}-x+C$$

E) 
$$(\sin^{-1}x)^2 + C$$

Correct Answer: Option A

**66.** 
$$\int x^7 (x^8 + 1)^{-3/4} dx =$$

A) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x^8} \right)^{1/4} + C$$

B) 
$$4\left(1+\frac{1}{x^8}\right)^{1/4}+C$$

c) 
$$(x^8+1)^{1/4}+C$$

D) 
$$4(x^8+1)^{1/4}+C$$

E) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(x^8+1)^{1/4}+C$$

Correct Answer: Option E

**67.** 
$$\int e^x \sec x (1 + \tan x) dx$$

A) 
$$e^x sec^2 x + C$$

B) 
$$e^x tan x + C$$

c) 
$$e^x \sec x + C$$

D) 
$$e^x tan^2 x + C$$

E) 
$$e^x s \operatorname{ec} x \tan x + C$$

Correct Answer: Option C

**68.** 
$$\int e^x(x^2-2)\cos(e^x(x^2-2x)) dx =$$

A) 
$$sin(e^x(x^2-2x))+C$$

B) 
$$sin(e^x(x^2-2)) + C$$

c) 
$$x^2e^x\sin(e^x(x^2-2))+C$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \quad e^x \sin(e^x(x^2-2)) + C$$

$$E) \quad e^x \sin(x^2 e^x - 2x e^x) + C$$

Correct Answer: Option A

lf

$$\int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{1} (-6x^2 + 18) dx = \alpha + \beta \sqrt{3}$$

then the value of  $\alpha$  +

- $\beta$  is equal to
- 12 A)
- B) 18
- C) 24
- 28 D)
- 32 E)

Correct Answer: Option D

The value of

**70**.

$$\int_{\pi/10}^{2\pi/5} \frac{\cot^3 x}{1 + \cot^3 x} \, dx$$

is equal

- to
- A)  $\frac{\pi}{20}$
- $\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{B} \, \mathbf{)} & \frac{\pi}{10} \\ \mathbf{C} \, \mathbf{)} & \frac{3\pi}{20} \end{array}$
- D)
- E)

Correct Answer: Option C

- **71.** The area of the region bounded by  $y = x^{5/2}$  and y = x (in square units) is
  - A)
  - B)
  - C)

**D**) 
$$\frac{5}{14}$$

E) 
$$\frac{4}{7}$$

Correct Answer: Option C

**72.** 
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{3^{2x}}{3^{2x}+1} dx =$$

A) 
$$\frac{log_e 5}{2log_e 3}$$

$$\mathbf{B)} \quad \frac{log_e 5}{9log_e 3}$$

c) 
$$\frac{log_e 5}{3log_e 3}$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \quad \frac{2log_e 5}{3log_e 3}$$

$$E) \quad \frac{2log_e 5}{9log_e 3}$$

Correct Answer: Option A

**73.** If 
$$y(x) = 2y'(x)$$
,  $y(x) \ge 0$  and  $y(0) = e^2$  then  $y(x) = 0$ 

A) 
$$e^{x/2} + 2$$

B) 
$$e^{2x}$$

c) 
$$e^{x/2}$$

D) 
$$e^2 e^{x/2}$$

E) 
$$e^{2x} + 2$$

Correct Answer : Option D

- 74. The integrating factor of the differential equation  $sinx \ dy = \frac{1}{2}(sin2x + 2y \ cosx)dx$  is
- A) sec x
- B) sin x
- c) tan x
- D) cos x
- E) cosec x

Correct Answer : Option E

- 75. In the graphical method of a linear programming problem, the optimal solution lies
  - A) at the centre of the feasible region
  - B) at a corner point of the feasible region

- c) at a point on the x-axis
- **D**) at the origin
- E) at the point where the objective function is zero

Correct Answer: Option B

- **76.** If  $2.7 \times 10^{-6}$  is added to  $4.3 \times 10^{-5}$ , giving due regard to significant figures, the result will be
- A)  $4.57 \times 10^{-5}$
- B)  $4.6 \times 10^{-5}$
- c)  $4.5 \times 10^{-5}$
- D)  $7.0 \times 10^{-5}$
- E)  $4.57 \times 10^{-6}$

Correct Answer: Option B

- **77.**  $[L^0M^0T^{-1}]$  is the dimensional formula for
  - A) angular velocity
  - B) activity of radioactive substance
  - c) time period of oscillation
  - **D**) half life period of a radioactive substance
  - E) impulse of the force

**Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled** 

- 78. If the velocity (in  $ms^{-1}$ ) of a particle at any instant t is given by  $2.0\hat{i} + 3.0t\hat{j}$  then the magnitude of its acceleration (in  $ms^{-2}$ ) is
  - **A**) 5
  - **B**) 3
  - c) 2
  - D) 4
  - **E**) 6

Correct Answer: Option B

- **79.** Among the following pairs of vectors, if the resultant of two vectors can never have magnitude 4 units, then the magnitudes of the vectors are
- A) 2 units and 2 units
- B) 1 unit and 3 units
- c) 5 units and 1 unit
- **D**) 7 units and 2 units
- E) 5 units and 8 units

Correct Answer: Option D

**80.** The ratio of angular speeds of the minute hand and second hand of a watch is

- **A)** 1:12
- **B**) 1:6
- **c**) 1:60
- **D**) 12:1
- E) 60:1

Correct Answer: Option C

- When a body is thrown vertically upwards, from the ground, the time of ascent is  $t_1$  and the time of descent is  $t_2$  in the absence of air resistance. Then  $t_1$  is equal to
  - A)  $2t_s$
  - **B**)  $0.5t_2$
  - c)  $0.25t_2$
  - D)  $t_2$
  - E)  $4t_2$

Correct Answer: Option D

- When a person of mass m climbs up or down a rope with uniform speed v, the tension in the rope is (g = acceleration due to gravity)
  - $\mathbf{A}$ ) mg
  - B) m(g+v)
  - c) m(g-v)
  - D) mgv
  - E)  $m(\frac{g}{v})$

Correct Answer: Option A

- A body of mass 0.2 kg travels along a straight line path with velocity  $v=(2x^2+2)m$
- **83.**  $s^{-1}$ . The net work done by the driving force during its displacement from x=0 to x=2m is
  - **A**) 5.4 J
  - **B**) 4.8 J
  - **c**) 9.6 J
  - **D**) 10.8 J
  - E) 6.5 J

Correct Answer : Option C

- 84. Two colliding particles after collision move together. Then the collision is
  - A) partial elastic collision
  - B) perfectly inelastic collision
  - c) perfectly elastic collision
  - D) partial inelastic collision

E) collision without any transfer of energy

Correct Answer: Option B

A solid cylinder, a solid sphere, a disc and a ring are released from the top of an inclined plane (frictionless) so that they slide down the plane without rolling. The maximum acceleration down the plane is

- A) for the disc
- B) for the solid cylinder
- c) for the solid sphere
- **D**) for the ring
- E) the same for all

Correct Answer: Option E

- **86.** When a particle is rotating with constant angular momentum, then
  - A) torque acting on it is constant
  - **B**) force acting on it is constant
  - c) linear momentum is constant
  - **D**) torque acting on it is zero
  - E) linear velocity is constant

Correct Answer: Option D

Two objects of masses 1 kg and 2 kg are moving towards each other with accelerations 2 **87.**  $ms^{-2}$  and 3  $ms^{-2}$  respectively on a smooth horizontal surface. The acceleration of

centre of mass of the system is

- A)  $\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)ms^{-2}$  in in the direction of acceleration of 2 kg mass
- B)  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)ms^{-2}$  in in the direction of acceleration of 1 kg mass
- c)  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)ms^{-2}$  in in the direction of acceleration of 2 kg mass
- D)  $\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)ms^{-2}$  in in the direction of acceleration of 1 kg mass
- E) zero

Correct Answer : Option A

- **88.** There is a mine of depth about 3.0 km. Conditions prevailing in this mine as compared to those at the surface of earth are
- A) higher air pressure, lower acceleration due to gravity
- B) higher air pressure, higher acceleration due to gravity
- c) lower air pressure, higher acceleration due to gravity
- **D**) lower air pressure, lower acceleration due to gravity
- E) same air pressure and acceleration due to gravity

## Correct Answer: Option A

The period of revolution of the planet A around the sun is 27 times that of another planet B. If the distance of A from the sun is  $\mathcal X$  times greater than that of B from the sun, then the value of  $\mathcal X$  is

- **A**) 8
- B) 4
- **c**) 9
- **D**) 3
- E) 12

Correct Answer: Option C

**90.** The work done in splitting a spherical liquid drop of radius 'a'' into eight liquid droplets of the same size is (surface tension of the liquid = S)

- A)  $8\pi Sa^2$
- B)  $\pi Sa^2$
- c)  $2\pi Sa^2$
- D)  $4\pi Sa^2$
- E)  $16\pi Sa^2$

Correct Answer: Option D

**91.** vessel containing a liquid of density d moves down with an acceleration a(a < g). The pressure due to the liquid at a depth of h below the free surface of the liquid is

- A) hgd
- B) h(g-a)d
- c) h(g+a)d
- D)  $h\left(\frac{g}{a}\right)d$
- $\mathsf{E}) \quad h\!\left(\frac{a}{g}\right) d$

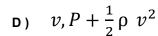
Correct Answer : Option B

An incompressible liquid flows through a horizontal pipe having cross-sectional areas A at one end and 2A at the other end. If the pressure and velocity of the liquid at the lower cross- sectional end are P and v, then those values at the other end are (density of the liquid = $\rho$ )

A) 
$$\frac{v}{2}$$
,  $P + \frac{3}{8}\rho v^2$ 

B) 
$$v, P + \frac{1}{8} \rho v^2$$

c) 
$$\frac{v}{4}$$
,  $P + \frac{1}{4}\rho v^2$ 



E) 
$$2P + \rho v^2$$

Correct Answer: Option A

- 93. Efficiency of a Carnot engine
  - A) depends on the nature of the working substance
  - B) does not depend on the nature of the working substance
  - $^{\rm C}$ ) depends only on the temperature of the source  $T^1$
  - $^{\rm D}$ ) depends only on the temperature of the sink  $T^2$
  - ${\sf E}$  ) does not depend on both temperature of the source  $T^1$  and temperature of the sink  $T^2$

Correct Answer: Option B

- A cylindrical vessel contains 16 kg of gas at a pressure of 1 atmosphere. A certain amount of gas is taken out and the pressure of gas in the vessel becomes 0.75 atmosphere. The amount of gas taken out is
  - **A**) 2.5 kg
  - **B**) 4 kg
  - **c**) 7.5 kg
  - **D**) 8.25 kg
  - **E**) 10 kg

Correct Answer: Option B

- 95. The number of degrees of freedom for monoatomic gas molecule is
- **A**) 3
- B) 4
- **c**) 5
- D) 7
- E) 1

Correct Answer: Option A

- **96.** Pick out the INCORRECT STATEMENT
  - A) Internal energy of an ideal gas depends only on its temperature
  - B) Change in the internal energy in a cyclic process is not zero
  - c) Change in the internal energy of a gas depends only on its initial and final states
  - **D**) Internal energy depends upon state of matter
  - E) Change in the internal energy in a cyclic process is zero

Correct Answer: Option B

The distance travelled by a particle executing linear S.H.M. from its mean position in 2s is equal to  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  times its amplitude. Then its time period in seconds is

- **A**) 10
- **B**) 8
- **c**) 9
- **D**) 12
- E) 16

Correct Answer: Option E

Time periods of pendulums A and B are T and  $\frac{5T}{2}$ . If they start executing S.H.M. at the same time from the mean position, the phase difference between them after the bigger pendulum has completed one oscillation is

- A)  $\pi/4$
- B)  $(\pi / 2)$
- c) π/8
- D)  $\pi / 16$
- **E**) π

Correct Answer: Option E

string of length l is divided into three segments of lengths  $l_1$ ,  $l_2$  and  $l_3$  with the fundamental frequencies  $n_1$ ,  $n_2$  and  $n_3$  respectively. The original fundamental frequency of the string n is given by

- A)  $n = n_1 + n_2 + n_3$
- B)  $\frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} + \frac{1}{n_3}$
- **C**)  $\sqrt{n} = \sqrt{n_1} + \sqrt{n_2} + \sqrt{n_3}$
- **D**)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n_1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n_2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n_3}}$
- $= n_1 n_2 n_3$

Correct Answer : Option B

**100.** The inward and outward electric flux from a closed surface are  $6 \times 10^4 NM^2C^{-1}$  and  $3 \times 10^4 NM^2C^{-1}$ . Then the net charge (in coulomb) inside the closed surface is

- A)  $-6 \times 10^4 \varepsilon_0$
- B)  $6 \times 10^4 \varepsilon_0$
- c)  $3 \times 10^4 \varepsilon_0$
- D)  $9 \times 10^4 \varepsilon_0$

## Correct Answer: Option E

101. In a circuit, the capacitance C is connected. The effective capacitance of the circuit can be reduced by

- A) introducing a metal plate between the plates of the capacitor
- B) introducing a dielectric slab between the plates
- c) reducing the potential difference between the plates
- D) connecting another capacitor in series with it
- E) connecting another capacitor in parallel with it

## Correct Answer: Option D

**102.** A given charge Q is divided into two parts which are then kept at a distance 'd' apart. The electrostatic force between them will be maximum if the two parts are

- A)  $\frac{Q}{4}$  and  $\frac{3Q}{4}$
- **B**)  $\frac{7Q}{8}$  and  $\frac{Q}{8}$
- **c**)  $\frac{Q}{3}$  and  $\frac{2Q}{3}$
- **D**)  $\frac{5Q}{6}$  and  $\frac{Q}{6}$
- E)  $\frac{Q}{2}$  each

# Correct Answer : Option E

**103.** The dependence of drift velocity  $v_d$  on the electric field  $\emph{E}$ , for which Ohm's law is obeyed is

- A)  $v_d \propto E^2$
- B)  $v_d \propto E$
- c)  $v_d \propto \sqrt{E}$
- D)  $v_d \propto \frac{1}{E}$
- E)  $v_d \propto \frac{1}{E^2}$

# Correct Answer : Option B

**104.** If an equilateral triangle is made of a uniform wire of resistance R, then the equivalent resistance between the ends of a side is

- A)  $\frac{2R}{3}$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \frac{R}{3}$

- C)  $\frac{R}{9}$
- $\mathbf{D}) \quad \frac{2R}{9}$
- E)  $\frac{R}{6}$

Correct Answer: Option D

- **105.** When 'n' identical cells are connected in parallel,
- A) net voltage increases
- B) net current increases
- c) net voltage decreases
- D) net current decreases
- E) total internal resistance increases

Correct Answer: Option B

- 106. In a cyclotron, if the frequency of the accelerating field is doubled, then the radius of the charged particle moving in a circular path will be
  - A) doubled
  - B) quadrupled
  - c) the same
  - D) halved
  - E) reduced to one fourth of the original radius

Correct Answer: Option C

A galvanometer of resistance  $100\Omega$  gives a full scale deflection for a current of 1mA 107. through it. The resistance required to convert it into a voltmeter which can read upto 2 V is

- A)  $1175 \Omega$
- B)  $1200 \Omega$
- c)  $1525 \Omega$
- D)  $1900 \Omega$
- E)  $2025 \Omega$

Correct Answer: Option D

- 108. If a magnetic material has magnetic susceptibility  $\chi=-0.5\,$  , then its relative magnetic permeability  $\mu_{\,r}\,$  and the type of material is
  - A) 0, diamagnetic
  - B) 2, ferromagnetic
  - c) 1, paramagnetic
  - **D**) -1, ferromagnetic
  - E) 0.5, diamagnetic

## Correct Answer: Option E

- **109.** The self-inductance of an air core solenoid is L. If the number of turns in the solenoid is doubled, keeping all other factors constant, then its self-inductance will be
- A) L
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad \frac{L}{2}$
- c) 2L
- D) 4L
- E) 8L

Correct Answer: Option D

- 110. An alternating current having the peak value  $10\sqrt{2}A$  is used to heat a metal wire. To produce the same heating effect, the constant current required is
- A)  $10\sqrt{2}A$
- **B**) 5A
- c) 14A
- **D**) 7A
- E) 10A

Correct Answer: Option E

- 111. If  $v_r$ ,  $v_{\rm X}$  and  $v_v$  are the speeds of gamma rays, X-rays and visible light respectively in vacuum, then
- A)  $v_g > v_v > v_X$
- B)  $v_g < v_v < v_X$
- $\mathbf{c}_{1}$   $v_{g}=v_{v}=v_{X}$
- $v_g > v_v < v_X$
- E)  $v_X < v_g < v_v$

## **Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled**

- 112. When a ray of light moves from one medium to another medium,
- A) its frequency remains unchanged
- B) its frequency alone changes
- c) its wavelength remains unchanged
- **D**) both its frequency and wavelength change
- E) its velocity remains constant

Correct Answer: Option A

- **113.** The Brewster's angle  $i_B$  for any interface should lie between
- A)  $30^{\circ}$  and  $45^{\circ}$
- B)  $45^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$

- c)  $0^{\circ}$  and  $30^{\circ}$
- D)  $0^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$
- E)  $30^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$

Correct Answer: Option B

In an Young's double slit experiment, the band width of the fringes observed is  $\beta$ , when **114.** light of wave length  $\lambda$  is used. With same experimental set up, to double the band width of the fringes, the wave length of light required is

- A) λ
- B)  $\frac{\lambda}{2}$
- **c**) 2λ
- D)  $\frac{\lambda}{4}$
- E)  $\frac{\lambda}{8}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**115.** Pick out the INCORRECT statement from the following : In photoelectric phenomenon,

- A) the value of stopping potential is the same for radiations of all frequencies
- B) the stopping potential is more negative for the incident radiation of higher frequency
- c) the value of saturation current depends on the intensity of incident radiation
- **D**) the value of saturation current is independent of frequency of incident radiation
- E) the emission of electrons is instantaneous

Correct Answer : Option A

116. If  $\lambda$  be the wavelength of any electromagnetic radiation, the de-Broglie wavelength of its quantum (photon) is

- A)  $\frac{\lambda}{4}$
- в) λ
- C)  $\frac{\lambda}{2}$
- D) 2λ
- E)  $\frac{3\lambda}{4}$

Correct Answer: Option B

The half-life periods of two radioactive materials A and B are 1500 years and 1200 years respectively. If their mean life periods are  $\tau_A$  and  $\tau_B$  respectively, then the value of the ratio  $\frac{\tau_A}{\tau_B}$ 

- A)  $\frac{5}{4}$
- **B**)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- **c**)  $\frac{3}{5}$
- **D)**  $\frac{5}{7}$
- **E**)  $\frac{2}{5}$

Correct Answer: Option A

- **118.** The greatest wavelength of the radiation that will ionize unexcited hydrogen atom is
  - A) 1820 Å
  - B) 450 Å
  - **c**) 910 Å
  - **D**) 700 Å
  - E) 1400 Å

Correct Answer: Option C

An alternating voltage of 250 V, 50 Hz is applied to a full wave rectifier. If the internal **119.** resistance of each diode is  $10\Omega$  and the load resistance is  $5k\Omega$ , the peak value of output current is

- **A**) 0.05 A
- **B**) 0.07 A
- **c**) 0.02 A
- **D**) 0.03 A
- E) 0.04 A

Correct Answer: Option B

- **120.** The reverse biasing in a junction diode,
  - A) increases the number of majority charge carriers
  - B) increases the number of minority charge carriers
  - c) reduces the number of minority charge carriers
  - **D**) decreases the potential barrier
  - E) increases the potential barrier

Correct Answer: Option E

- 121. The density of 3 M aqueous solution of a solute 'X' is 1.86 g  $mL^{-1}$  . The molality of the solution is (Molar mass of solute 'X' is 120 g  $mol^{-1}$  )
  - **A**) 3m
  - **B**) 4m
  - **c**) 2m

- **D**) 5m
- **E**) 1m

Correct Answer: Option C

The Vividh Bharati station of All India Radio, Kozhikode, broadcasts on a frequency of 122. 1500 kHz. What is the wavelength of the electromagnetic radiation emitted by transmitter?(  $c = 3 \times 10^8 ms^{-1}$ )

- **A**) 200 m
- **B**) 300 m
- **c**) 100 m
- **D**) 250 m
- E) 150 m

Correct Answer: Option A

- **123.** Which of the following experimental phenomenon is explained by the wave nature of electromagnetic radiation?
  - A) Black-body radiation
  - B) Photoelectric effect
  - c) Diffraction
  - D) Variation of heat capacity of solids as a function of temperature
  - E) Line spectra of atoms with reference to hydrogen

Correct Answer : Option C

- 124. Which of the following pair of oxides is neutral?
- A)  $Al_2O_3$  and  $Na_2O$
- B)  $Al_2O_3$  and  $As_2O_3$
- ${f c}_1$   $Cl_2O_7$  and  $Na_2O$
- D)  $Cl_2O_7$  and  $Al_2O_3$
- E) CO and  $N_2O$

Correct Answer : Option E

- **125.** The correct increasing order of dipole moment of  $NF_3$ ,  $H_2S$ ,  $CHCl_3$  and  $NH_3$  molecules is
- A)  $NF_3 < H_2S < CHCl_3 < NH_3$
- B)  $NH_3 < H_2S < CHCl_3 < NF_3$
- c)  $NF_3 < CHCl_3 < H_2S < NH_3$
- $_{\mathrm{D}}$ )  $NH_{3} < CHCl_{3} < H_{2}S < NF_{3}$
- E)  $CHCl_3 < H_2S < NF_3 < NH_3$

Correct Answer: Option A

126. Choose the INCORRECT pair of MOLECULE and its SHAPE among the following:

- A)  $SF_4$  Seesaw
- B)  $BrF_5$  Trigonal bipyramidal
- ${f c}_{\, f )}$   $NH_3$  Trigonal pyramidal
- D)  $XeF_4$  Square planar
- E)  $ClF_3$  T-shape

Correct Answer: Option B

127. In the reaction 3/2  $O_{2(g)} \to O_{3(g)}$ , the value of  $\Delta_r$   $G^\Theta$  at 298 K is approximately  $(K_p = 10^{-30} \text{ and } 2.303RT = 5.7k Jmol}^{-1})$ 

- **A)** 171 kJ  $mol^{-1}$
- B)  $191 \text{ kJ } mol^{-1}$
- c)  $-171 \text{ kJ } mol^{-1}$
- D)  $-191 \text{ kJ } mol^{-1}$
- E)  $100 \text{ kJ } mol^{-1}$

Correct Answer: Option A

**128.** Which of the following has least mean multiple bond enthalpy (in kJ  $mol^{-1}$  ) at 298 K?

- A)  $N \equiv N$
- B)  $C \equiv N$
- $\mathbf{c}$ )  $\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C}$
- D)  $C \equiv O$
- E) C = N

Correct Answer: Option C

**129.** Which of the following can act as Lewis acid?

- A)  $H_2O$
- B)  $HO^-$
- C)  $F^-$
- D)  $NH_3$
- E)  $AlCl_3$

Correct Answer: Option E

130. The concentration of hydrogen ions in a sample of soft drink is  $2 \times 10^{-4} \text{mol } lit^{-1}$ . Its pH value is (log 2 = 0.3010)

- **A**) 4.369
- B) 3.699

- **c**) 2.369
- **D**) 5.301
- E) 3.301

#### Correct Answer: Option B

**131.** Which of the following is the correct order of conductivity (in S  $m^{-1}$ )?

- A) Fe < Na < Cu < Ag
- B) Fe < Cu < Na < Ag
- c) Ag < Na < Cu < Fe
- D) Ag < Cu < Na < Fe
- E) Na < Fe < Cu < Ag

Correct Answer: Option A

132. 'Layer Test' is used to identify

- A) Bromide
- B) Fluoride
- c) Potassium
- **D**) Water
- E) Chloride

Correct Answer: Option A

**133.** Which of the following solvent has highest value of Molal elevation constant,  $K_b$ ?

- A) Cyclohexane
- B) Carbon disulphide
- c) Carbon tetrachloride
- D) Acetic acid
- E) Chloroform

Correct Answer: Option C

- A)  $0.0693 \, min^{-1}$
- B)  $0.693 \, min^{-1}$
- c)  $6.93 \, min^{-1}$
- D)  $0.0639 \, min^{-1}$
- E)  $0.0963 \, min^{-1}$

#### Correct Answer: Option A

- 135. Which of the following statement is not true about a catalyst?
  - A) It catalyses the spontaneous reactions
  - B) A small amount of the catalyst can catalyse the large amount of reactants.
  - **c**) It does not alter the Gibbs energy of a reaction.
  - **D**) It catalyses the non-spontaneous reactions.
  - E) It does not change the equilibrium constant of a reaction.

Correct Answer: Option D

- 136. The most common oxidation states of chromium are
- A) +2,+7
- B) +3,+6
- c) +2,+4
- D) +2,+5
- E) +3,+5

Correct Answer: Option B

- 137. Which of the following statement is true about potassium permanganate?
- A) It is isostructural with  $KClO_3$ .
- B) It is paramagnetic in nature.
- c) It oxidizes oxalates to carbon monoxide.
- **D**) The structure of permanganate ion is square planar.
- E) It is prepared by fusion of  $MnO_2$  with an alkali metal hydroxide and an oxidising agent.

Correct Answer: Option E

- 138. The type of sulphide formed by Lanthanoids is
- A)  $LnS_3$
- B)  $LnS_2$
- c) LnS
- D)  $Ln_2S_3$
- E)  $Ln_2S$

Correct Answer: Option D

- **139.** In which of the following compound, Mn has +7 oxidation state?
  - A) MnOF
  - B)  $MnO_2F$
- c)  $MnO_3F_2$
- D)  $MnOF_2$

E)  $MnO_3F$ 

Correct Answer: Option E

140. Which of the following is a heteroleptic complex?

- A)  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
- $\mathsf{B)} \quad \left[ \mathit{Fe}(\mathit{CN})_{6} \right]^{4-}$
- c)  $\left[Co(SCN)_4\right]^{2}$
- D)  $\left[ Co(NH_3)_4 Cl_2 \right]^+$
- $[Co(CN)_6]^{3}$

Correct Answer: Option D

141. Which of the following technique is used to separate chloroform and aniline?

- A) Fractional distillation
- B) Distillation under reduced pressure
- c) Steam distillation
- **D**) Continuous extraction
- E) Distillation

Correct Answer: Option E

**142.** In Kolbe's electrolytic method, when sodium acetate is electrolysed, the gases generated at anode are

- ${f A}$ ) ethane and  $H_2$
- B)  $H_2$  and  $CO_2$
- c) methane and ethane
- **D**) ethane and  $\mathcal{CO}_2$
- E) methane and  $H_2$

Correct Answer : Option D

**143.** The number of sigma  $(\sigma)$  and pi  $(\pi)$  bonds present in 3-Methylbut-1-ene are respectively

- **A)** 1 and 14
- **B**) 18 and 2
- **c**) 16 and 2
- **D**) 17 and 1
- E) 14 and 1

Correct Answer : Option E

The order of reactivity of the following compounds towards  $S_N 2$  displacement reaction is (i) 2-Bromo-2-methylbutane (ii) 1-Bromopentane (iii) 2-Bromopentane

- A) (ii) > (i) > (iii)
- B) (iii) > (i) > (ii)
- C) (ii) > (iii)> (i)
- D) (i) > (ii) > (iii)
- E) (iii) > (ii) > (i)

Correct Answer : Option C

- 145. The IUPAC name of phenyl isopentyl ether is
- A) 3-Methtylbutoxybenzene
- B) 2-Methylbutoxybenzene
- c) 2-Methylphenoxybutane
- **D**) 4-Methylbutoxybenzene
- E) 1-Methylbutoxybenzene

Correct Answer: Option A

- **146.** Phenol on treatment with chloroform in the presence of NaOH, a -CHO group is introduced at ortho position of benzene ring. The reaction is known as
  - A) Kolbe's reaction
  - B) Reimer-Tiemann reaction
  - c) Gattermann-Koch reaction
  - **D**) Stephen reaction
  - E) Sandmeyer reaction

Correct Answer: Option B

Toluene on treatment with chromic oxide in presence of acetic anhydride at 273 - 283 K **147.** gives compound(X). Compound(X) on hydrolysis with aqueous acid gives compound(Y). The compounds (X) and (Y) are respectively

- A) Benzylidene diacetate and phenol
- B) Benzylalcohol and benzene
- **c**) Benzylidene diacetate and benzaldehyde
- D) Benzene and phenol
- E) Benzaldehyde and phenol

Correct Answer: Option C

- **148.** Fehling's reagent is a mixture of
- A) aqueous  ${\it CuSO}_4$  and ammonical  ${\it AgNO}_3$  solution
- B) aqueous  $CuSO_4$  and 2,4-DNP
- ${f c}$  ) aqueous KOH and ammonical  $AgNO_3$  solution
- D) aqueous  $CuSO_4$  and alkaline sodium potassium tatarate
- E) aqueous KOH and alkaline sodium potassium tatarate

#### Correct Answer: Option D

The order of basic strength of following amines is

**149.** (i)  $CH_3NH_2$  (ii)  $(C_2H_5)_2N$  H (iii)  $C_6H_5NH_2$  (iv)  $C_6H_5NHCH_3$ 

- **A**) (ii) < (i) < (iv) < (iii)
- B) (iii) < (iv) < (ii) < (i)
- c) (ii) < (iii) < (iv) < (i)
- D) (i) < (ii) < (iii) < (iv)
- E) (iii) < (iv) < (i) < (ii)

Correct Answer: Option E

- 150. The disease caused by the deficiency of riboflavin is
  - A) Cheilosis
  - B) Rickets
  - c) Beri beri
  - D) Scurvy
  - E) Xerophthalmia

Correct Answer: Option A