## **PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY**

Question Paper Code: 12/2025/OL Exam:KEAM 2025 ENGG-3 Date of Test: 26-04-2025

- **1.** The relation  $R = \{(1,3), (2,3), (2,4), (3,1), (4,4), (4,1)\}$  on the set  $X = \{1,2,3,4\}$  is
- A) a1-1function
- B) reflexive
- c) transitive
- **D**) not symmetric
- E) an onto function

Correct Answer: Option D

- 2. If two sets A and B are having 11 elements in common, then the number of elements common to  $A \times B$  and  $B \times A$
- A) 121
- B) 22
- c) 99
- D) 11
- E) 33

Correct Answer: Option A

- **3.** The domain of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + x 2}$  is
  - A)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup [1, \infty)$
  - B)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup (1, \infty)$
  - c)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (1, \infty)$
  - D)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [1, \infty)$
  - $(-\infty,1) \cup [0,\infty)$

Correct Answer : Option D

- **4.** The range of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 4}$  is
  - A)  $[0, \infty)$
  - **B**) [1,∞)
  - c)  $[3, \infty)$
  - D)  $[2, \infty)$
  - E)  $[4, \infty)$

Correct Answer: Option A

Let *s*, *t*, *r* be non-zero distinct positive real numbers. If the complex number z = x + iy

5. satisfies

 $sz + t\overline{z} + r = 0$ , then z lies on

- A) imaginary axis
- B) real axis
- $\mathbf{c}$ ) y = x
- y = 2x
- $E) \quad x + y = 0$

Correct Answer: Option B

- **6.** Let z = x + iy be a complex number, where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$  is the complex unit. Then |z 1 + i| = 5 is a circle with
  - A) centre at (-1,1) and radius 5
  - B) centre at (1,1) and radius  $\sqrt{5}$
  - c) centre at (-1,-1) and radius  $\sqrt{5}$
  - D) centre at (1,1) and radius 25
  - E) centre at (1,-1) and radius 5

Correct Answer: Option E

**7.** Let z be a complex number such that  $z^3 + iz^2 - iz + 1 = 0$  where  $i^2 = -1$ . Then |z| = -1

- **A**) 2
- **B**)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- C) 1
- $\mathsf{D}) \quad \frac{1}{4}$
- **E**) 3

Correct Answer : Option C

**8.** Real part of  $\frac{1+\sin\frac{2\pi}{27}-i\cos\frac{2\pi}{27}}{1+\sin\frac{2\pi}{27}+i\cos\frac{2\pi}{27}}$  is equal to

- A)  $\cos \frac{2\pi}{27}$
- B)  $\sin \frac{2\pi}{27}$
- c)  $1 + \sin \frac{2\pi}{27}$
- D)  $1 + \cos \frac{2\pi}{27}$
- E)  $\sin \frac{2\pi}{27} + \cos \frac{2\pi}{27}$

Correct Answer : Option B

- **9.** The 25th term of  $9,3,1,\frac{1}{3},\frac{1}{9}$ ,...is
  - **A**)  $\frac{1}{3^{24}}$
  - B)  $\frac{1}{3^{25}}$
  - **C**)  $\frac{1}{3^{23}}$
  - D)  $\frac{1}{3^{22}}$
  - E)  $\frac{1}{3^{26}}$

## Correct Answer: Option D

- **10.** The first three terms in a G.P. are , a, b and c where  $a \neq b$  Then the fifth term is
- **A**)  $\frac{c^2}{2a}$
- $\mathbf{B} ) \quad \frac{c}{2a}$
- C)  $\frac{c^2}{a}$
- $\mathbf{D} ) \quad \frac{c^2}{3a}$
- E)  $\frac{c}{3a}$

## Correct Answer: Option C

- The sum of first n terms of a G.P. is 1023. If the first term is 1 and the common ratio is 2, then the value of n is
- **A**) 12
- B) 11
- **c**) 10
- **D**) 9
- E) 8

# Correct Answer : Option C

- **12.** Let  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$  be geometric means between l and n, where l and n are positive real numbers. Then the common ratio is
  - A)  $\frac{n}{l}$
  - $\mathbf{B} \, \mathbf{)} \qquad \left(\frac{n}{l}\right)^{1/2}$
  - C)  $\left(\frac{n}{l}\right)^{1/3}$
  - **D**)  $\left(\frac{n}{l}\right)^{1/4}$

$$\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{n^2}{l^2}$$

### Correct Answer: Option D

- **13.** 25 distinct objects are divided into 5 groups and each group consists of exactly 5 objects. Then the number of ways of forming such groups, is
  - **A**)  $\frac{25!}{(5!)^5}$
  - B)  $\frac{25!}{5!}$
  - **c**)  $\frac{25!}{(5!)^6}$
  - **D**)  $\frac{25!}{(5!)^4}$
  - **E**)  $\frac{25!}{(5!)^3}$

## Correct Answer: Option C

**14.** 
$$1 + {}^{100}C_1 + {}^{100}C_2 + \ldots + {}^{100}C_{99} + 1 =$$

- A)  $2^{99}$
- B)  $2^{101}$
- c)  $2^{98}$
- $D) 2^{100}$
- E)  $100^2$

## Correct Answer: Option D

- **15.** The coefficient of  $x^{10}$  in  $(1-x^2)(1-x^3)^9$  is
  - A)  ${}^9C_4$
  - B)  $-{}^{9}C_{6}$
  - $c_1$   $-{}^9C_4$
  - D)  ${}^9C_6$
  - E) 0

#### Correct Answer: Option E

**16.** 
$$^{21}C_1 + ^{21}C_2 + \ldots + ^{21}C_{10} =$$

- A)  $2^{20}$
- B)  $2^{21}$
- c)  $2^{21}-1$
- D)  $2^{21}-2$

E) 
$$2^{20} - 1$$

## Correct Answer: Option E

**17.** The constant term in 
$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + \frac{1}{3x^2}\right)^{10}$$
 is

**A)** 
$$\frac{5}{128}$$

**B**) 
$$\frac{9}{128}$$

**c**) 
$$\frac{5}{256}$$

**D**) 
$$\frac{9}{256}$$

## Correct Answer: Option C

**18.** Let B be a matrix of order  $3 \times 2$  and C be a matrix of order  $3 \times 3$ . If A is a matrix such that BA = C, then the order of A is

A) 
$$2 \times 2$$

B) 
$$2 \times 3$$

$$c)$$
  $3 \times 2$ 

D) 
$$3 \times 4$$

E) 
$$3 \times 3$$

# Correct Answer : Option B

**19.** Let 
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2/3 \\ 0 & 4 & 4/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ . Then the  $\det(QPQ^{-1})$  is equal to

## Correct Answer: Option E

**20.** Let 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ -6 & 8 & 3 \\ -4 & 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $P = \frac{1}{2} (A + A^T)$ . Then

A) 
$$P^T = P$$

$$\mathsf{B}) \quad P^T = -P$$

c) 
$$P^T = 2P$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \quad P^T = -2P$$

E) 
$$P^T = 3P$$

Correct Answer: Option A

**21.** 
$$sec^2x + cosec^2x - sec^2xcosec^2x =$$

A) 
$$sec^2x$$

B) 
$$cosec^2x$$

c) 
$$cot^2x$$

Correct Answer: Option E

**22.** Let x be a real number such that 7x + 4 < 9x + 8. Then the solution set of the inequality is

A) 
$$(-\infty, -2)$$

B) 
$$(-\infty, -4)$$

c) 
$$(-2,\infty)$$

D) 
$$[-2,\infty)$$

E) 
$$[-1,\infty)$$

Correct Answer: Option C

23. Let x be a real number such that  $\frac{3(x+3)}{7} \le \frac{6(x-1)}{5}$  Then the solution set of the inequality is

A) 
$$\left(-\infty, \frac{29}{9}\right)$$

$$\mathsf{B} \; \mathsf{)} \quad \left(\frac{29}{9}, \infty\right)$$

$$c_1$$
  $\left[\frac{29}{9},\infty\right)$ 

D) 
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

$$\mathsf{E})\quad \left(\frac{17}{9},\infty\right)$$

Correct Answer: Option C

**24.** sin15°sin45°sin75° =

$$\mathbf{A} \, \mathbf{)} \quad \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\mathbf{B} \, ) \quad \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$$

$$D) \quad \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Correct Answer: Option B

If  $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{5}$  and the angle  $\theta$  is in the second quadrant, then  $\sec \theta$  is equal to

$$A) \quad \frac{5}{2\sqrt{6}}$$

$$B) \quad \frac{-2\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{C} ) \quad \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{5} \\ \mathbf{D} ) \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

E) 
$$\frac{-5}{2\sqrt{6}}$$

Correct Answer: Option E

**26.**  $2^2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2^2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x}{2^2}\right) =$ 

- sin2xA)
- sinx B)
- c) cos2x
- D)  $cos^2x$
- $\sin\frac{x}{2}$ E)

Correct Answer: Option B

 $27. \quad \frac{\cos 75^\circ - \cos 1^\circ}{\cos 75^\circ + \cos 15^\circ}$ 

**A**) 
$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\mathsf{B}) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

C) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

**D**) 
$$\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

E) 
$$\sqrt{3}$$

Correct Answer: Option A

**28.** 
$$\frac{(2\sin\alpha)(1+\sin\alpha)}{(1+\sin\alpha+\cos\alpha)(1+\sin\alpha-\cos\alpha)}$$

- A)  $tan \alpha$
- $B) \quad \frac{\sin\alpha + 1}{\sin\alpha 1}$
- c) 1
- D) 2
- E)  $\frac{\cos\alpha+1}{\cos\alpha-1}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**29.** If 
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{1+x}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$
, then x is equal to

- A)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- **B**) 2
- **c**) 3
- D) 1
- E)  $\frac{1}{4}$

Correct Answer: Option D

**30.** If 
$$tan^{-1}x = tan^{-1}(3) - \frac{\pi}{4}$$
, then x is equal to

- **A**)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- $\mathsf{B}) \quad \frac{1}{4}$
- **c**) 1
- **D**) 3
- **E**) 2

Correct Answer : Option A

31. If the distance of the line 4x - 3y + k = 0 from the point (1, 2) is 5 units, then the values of k are

- **A**) 27,-23
- в) -27,23
- c) 29,-24
- **D**) -29,24
- E) -28,-25

Correct Answer : Option A

- Two sides of a parallelogram are along the lines x + y = 5 and x y = -5. If the diagonals of the parallelogram intersects at (3, 6) then one of its vertices, is at
- **A**) (6,5)
- B) (7,6)
- C) (7,5)
- **D**) (6,7)
- E) (5,7)

Correct Answer: Option D

- **33.** Let ax + by + c = 0 the equation of a straight line such that 3a + 2b + 4c = 0. Which one of the following points, lies on the line?
- $\mathbf{A} \, \mathbf{)} \qquad \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
- **B**)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$
- $\mathbf{C} ) \quad \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$
- $\mathbf{D} ) \quad \left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
- E) (2,4)

Correct Answer: Option A

- **34.** If two diameters of a circle are along the lines 2x 3y = 5 and 3x 4y = 7, then the centre is at
  - A) (1,1)
  - B) (-1,1)
  - c) (-1,-1)
  - D) (1,-1)
  - E) (1,-2)

Correct Answer: Option D

- **35.** Let  $y^2 = 8x$  be the equation of a parabola. Which one of the following is an arbitrary point on the parabola?
- **A)**  $(2t, 4t^2), t \in \mathbb{R}$
- $\mathbf{B}) \quad (2t^2, 4t^2), t \in \mathbb{R}$
- C)  $(2t^2, 2t^2), t \in \mathbb{R}$
- **D**)  $(2t, 2t^2), t \in \mathbb{R}$
- **E**)  $(2t^2, 4t), t \in \mathbb{R}$

Correct Answer: Option E

**36.** Let *P* be any point on the ellipse  $4(x+2)^2 + 9(y-4)^2 = 144$ . If  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are the Foci of the ellipse, then  $F_1P + F_2P =$ 

- 8 A)
- 12 B)
- 16 C)
- 6 D)
- E) 10

Correct Answer: Option B

- **37.** The eccentricity of the hyperbola  $\frac{(x-1)^2}{25} \frac{(y+2)^2}{11} = 1$  is
  - A)
  - B)
- c)  $\frac{6}{5}$ D)  $\frac{7}{5}$
- E)

Correct Answer: Option C

- Let  $\overrightarrow{a}, \overrightarrow{b}, \overrightarrow{c}$  be any three vectors and m, n be scalars. Which one of the following is not true? 38.
- A)  $\left(\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}\right) + \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{a} + \left(\overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{c}\right)$
- B)  $m(\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{c}) = m\overrightarrow{a} + m\overrightarrow{b} + m\overrightarrow{c}$
- C)  $(m+n)\overrightarrow{a} = m\overrightarrow{a} + n\overrightarrow{a}$
- $\mathbf{D}) \quad m \left( \overrightarrow{a} \cdot \overrightarrow{b} = m \overrightarrow{a} \cdot m \overrightarrow{b} \right)$
- $\mathbf{E} ) \quad m \left( \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = m \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} \right)$

Correct Answer: Option D

- **39.** If  $\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \overrightarrow{b} = 12$ , then  $(3\overrightarrow{a}) \cdot (3\overrightarrow{b})$  is equal to
  - 36 A)
  - 4 B)
  - 108 C)
  - 16 D)
  - 144 E)

Correct Answer: Option C

- **40.** Let  $\overrightarrow{a} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} 2\hat{k}$ . Then  $(\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}) \cdot (\overrightarrow{a} \overrightarrow{b}) = (\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b})$ 
  - A)

Correct Answer: Option C

**41.**  $\overrightarrow{a}, \overrightarrow{b}, \overrightarrow{c}, \overrightarrow{d}$  be non-zero vectors such that  $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} = \overrightarrow{c} \times \overrightarrow{d}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{b} \times \overrightarrow{d}$ . Then

A) 
$$\vec{a} - \vec{d}$$
 is parallel to  $\vec{b} - \vec{c}$ 

**B**) 
$$\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}$$
 is parallel to  $\overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{c}$ 

**C**) 
$$\overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{c}$$
 is parallel to  $\overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{c}$ 

**D**) 
$$\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{c}$$
 is parallel to  $\overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{c}$ 

E) 
$$\vec{a} + \vec{c}$$
 is parallel to  $\vec{b} + \vec{d}$ 

Correct Answer: Option A

Let  $\overrightarrow{OP} = 2\hat{j}$  be the position vector a point P. Let  $\overrightarrow{r} = \hat{j} + \lambda (\hat{i} + \hat{j})$  be a straight line. The distance of the point P from the line is

A) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

B) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$
C)  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$ 
D)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$ 

$$\mathbf{C} ) \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$D) \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

E) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

Correct Answer: Option A

The Cartesian equation of the line  $\vec{r} = (2 \cdot 1 - 7 \cdot 1 + 11 \cdot k) + \lambda$ 43.

(3
$$\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 13\hat{k}$$
) is

**A**) 
$$\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y+7}{7} = \frac{z-11}{-1}$$

**B**) 
$$\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-7}{7} = \frac{z-11}{13}$$

**c**) 
$$\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-7}{7} = \frac{z+11}{-1}$$

**D**) 
$$\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y+7}{7} = \frac{z-11}{-13}$$

E) 
$$\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y}{13} = \frac{z-11}{-7}$$

Correct Answer: Option A

- Which one of the following is a point on the straight line  $\overrightarrow{r} = \left(13 \hat{i} 14 \hat{j} + 23 \hat{k}\right) + \lambda \left(5 \hat{i} 7 \hat{j} 9 \hat{k}\right)$ ,  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ 

  - (13,-14,-23)A)
  - (5,-7,-9)B)
  - (23, -28, 7)C)
  - (23, -28, 5)D)
  - (13,14,23)E)

Correct Answer: Option D

- The point at which the line  $\frac{x+3}{11} = \frac{y-2}{-1} = \frac{z+1}{3}$  meets the zx -plane is
  - A) (19,2,5)
  - B) (19,0,5)
  - C) (0,2,-1)
  - (-3,2,0)D)
  - (0,2,-1)E)

Correct Answer: Option B

- 46. The mean deviation about the mean from the data 400,410, 420,430,440 is
  - 14 A)
  - 10 B)
  - C) 20
  - D) 12
  - E) 16

Correct Answer: Option D

- **47.** An unbiased die is thrown and B is an event showing an odd number on top. Then P(B)
  - A)
  - B)
  - C)
  - D)
  - E)

Correct Answer: Option D

- **48.** The standard deviation of 1,2,3,...,100 is
  - A)  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3333}$
  - B)  $\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3333}$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3333}$$

D) 
$$\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{3333}$$

E) 
$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{1111}$$

## Correct Answer: Option A

- **49.** Consider the random experiment that an integer is chosen from the first 100 positive integers. Probability that the chosen number is a multiple of 11, is
- **A)**  $\frac{1}{10}$
- B)  $\frac{1}{11}$
- **C**)  $\frac{9}{100}$
- **D**)  $\frac{13}{100}$
- $\mathsf{E}) \quad \frac{11}{100}$

## Correct Answer: Option C

$$\mathbf{50.} \quad \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{2\sqrt{2} \sin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}} =$$

- A)  $\sqrt{2}$
- B)  $2\sqrt{2}$
- C)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- **D**)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
- E)  $\frac{1}{2}$

## Correct Answer : Option E

**51.** 
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta \sin 2\theta}{1 - \cos 2\theta}$$

- A) ´
- $\mathsf{B}) \quad \frac{-1}{2}$
- c) -1
- **D**)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- E) 0

**52.** The function  $f(x) = x(\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x+1})$  is continuous on

- A)  $(-\infty, 1]$
- B)  $[4, \infty)$
- **c**) [-3,∞)
- **D**) [-1,∞)
- $\mathsf{E}$ )  $(-\infty,\infty)$

Correct Answer: Option D

**53.**  $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\sin x \cos 2 - \cos x \sin 2}{x - 2} =$ 

- **A**) -1
- B) 1
- c) 4
- **D**) 2
- **E**) 0

Correct Answer: Option B

**54.** Let  $f(x) = [x], x \in (0, 6)$ , where [x] is the greatest integer function. Then the number of discontinuities of f(x)

- **A**) 1
- B) 2
- **c**) 3
- D) 4
- **E**) 5

Correct Answer: Option E

**55.** Let f(x) = 10 - |x - 5|,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , Then f(x) is not differentiable at

- A) x=10
- **B**) x=15
- c) x=-5
- D) X=5
- E) X=-15

Correct Answer: Option D

**56.** For  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , let f(x) = log 3 - sinx and g(x) = f(f(x)) Then g'(0)=

- A) sin(log3)
- B) -sin(log3)
- $c_1 cos(log3)$
- $2\cos(\log 3)$

## Correct Answer: Option E

**57.** If 
$$y = \cos x \cos y$$
, then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at  $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$  is

- **A**)  $\frac{-3}{5}$

- B)  $\frac{3}{5}$ C)  $\frac{5}{3}$ D)  $\frac{-5}{3}$
- E)

## Correct Answer: Option A

**58.** Let 
$$f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$$
 be a function such that  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 f'(1) + x f''(2) + f'''(3)$ , then  $f'''(3) = x^3 + x^2 f'(1) + x f''(2) + f'''(3)$ 

- A) 3
- 6 B)
- C)
- D) -2
- f''(2)E)

## Correct Answer: Option B

**59.** If 
$$u = sec^{-1}(-sec2\theta)$$
 and  $v = cos\theta$ , then  $\frac{du}{dv}$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , is equal to

- A)  $\sqrt{2}$
- B)  $2\sqrt{2}$
- C)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
- $-\sqrt{2}$ E)

## Correct Answer: Option B

- The function  $f(x) = e^x x$  is increasing in the interval **60**.
  - (0,4)A)
  - B)  $(-\infty,0)$
  - (-1,1)C)
  - (-1,0)D)
  - $(0,\infty)$ E)

## Correct Answer : Option E

**61.** Let f(x) = 10 - |x - 3|,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  The maximum of f(x) occurs at

- A) x=0
- B) x=3
- c) x=-3
- D) x=10
- E) x=1

Correct Answer: Option B

**62.** The distance travelled by a moving particle is given by  $s = \frac{t^2}{2} - 6t + 8$ , where t denotes the time in seconds. The velocity becomes zero when t is equal to

- **A**) 1
- B) 4
- **c**) 3
- **D**) 6
- E) 8

Correct Answer: Option D

**63.** If a + b = 10 and ab is maximum, then the value of a is

- A) 5
- B) 3
- c) 6
- **D**) 25
- E) 10

Correct Answer: Option A

**64.** If 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 \left(\frac{1}{x^6} + 1\right)^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{x^6} + 1}\right)^p + c$$
, then  $p =$ 

- **A**)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- **B**)  $\frac{-1}{3}$
- C)  $\frac{1}{3}$

**D**) 
$$\frac{-2}{3}$$

E) 
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

Correct Answer: Option C

$$\textbf{65.} \quad \int \frac{\sec x}{(\sec x + \tan x)^9} \, dx =$$

A) 
$$\frac{1}{9}(secx + tanx)^9 + C$$

$$B) \quad \frac{-1}{9}(secx + tanx)^9 + C$$

c) 
$$\frac{-1}{9}(secx + tanx)^{-9} + C$$

D) 
$$\frac{1}{9}(secx + tanx)^{-9} + C$$

$$(secx + tanx)^{-9} + C$$

Correct Answer: Option C

**66.** 
$$\int \frac{\left(9e^x + 4e^{-x}\right)}{\left(9e^x - 4e^{-x}\right)} dx =$$

A) 
$$9e^x - 4e^{-x} + C$$

B) 
$$\log |9e^x + 4e^{-x}| + C$$

c) 
$$4e^x - 9e^{-x} + C$$

D) 
$$\log |4e^x - 9e^{-x}| + C$$

E) 
$$\log |9e^x - 4e^{-x}| + C$$

Correct Answer: Option E

$$67. \quad \int e^{2\theta} \left( 2\cos^2\theta - \sin 2\theta \right) d\theta =$$

A) 
$$e^{2\theta}\cos^2\theta + C$$

$$\mathbf{B)} \quad e^{2\theta} \sin 2\theta + C$$

C) 
$$2e^{2\theta}\cos^2\theta + C$$

**D**) 
$$e^{2\theta} \sin\theta + C$$

$$\mathbf{E)} \quad e^{2\theta} \cos 2\theta + C$$

Correct Answer: Option A

**68.** 
$$\int e^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)} \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2}\right) dx =$$

A) 
$$xe^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)}+C$$

$$\mathbf{B} ) \quad e^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)} + C$$

**C**) 
$$x+e^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)}+C$$

$$\mathbf{D} ) \quad x^2 e^{\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)} + C$$

$$\mathbf{E}) \qquad e^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)} + x^2 + C$$

Correct Answer: Option B

**69.** The area bounded by y = x - 1,  $1 \le x \le 2$ , y = 0 (in sq.units) is

- A) 2
- в) 1
- c)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- D) 4
- E)  $\frac{1}{4}$

Correct Answer: Option C

**70.** Given that  $\int_{0}^{1} \tan^{-1}(t) dt = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2$ . Then  $\int_{0}^{1} \tan^{-1}(1-t) dt = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \log 2$ .

**A**) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

B) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \log 3$$

c) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \quad \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

E) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} log 2$$

Correct Answer : Option E

**71.**  $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{1 + \sin x} dx =$ 

**B**) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

C) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

Correct Answer: Option D

**72.** 
$$\int_{-2}^{2} |x+3| \, dx =$$

- A) 14
- **B**) 16
- **c**) 8
- D) 10
- E) 12

Correct Answer: Option E

**73.** If 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{8\left(\sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}}\right)\left(\sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}\right)\sqrt{x}}$$
, then  $y = \sqrt{x}$ 

**A**) 
$$\sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}} + C$$

**B**) 
$$\sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}} + x + C$$

c) 
$$\sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}} + x^2 + C}$$

$$x \sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}} + C$$

E) 
$$x^2 \sqrt{16 + \sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}}} + C$$

Correct Answer: Option A

74. The elimination of arbitrary constants  $c_1, c_2, c_3$  and  $c_4$  from  $y = (c_1 + c_2) \sin(x + c_3) - c_4$   $e^x$  gives a differential equation of order

- **A**) 1
- **B**) 2
- **c**) 3
- D) 4
- **E**) 5

Correct Answer: Option C

**75.** The maximum value of the objective function z = 2x + 3y, when the corner points of the feasible region are (0, 0), (5, 0), (4, 1) and (0, 2), is

- **A**) 0
- **B**) 6
- **c**) 10

- D) 11
- E) 16

Correct Answer: Option D

**76.** The dimension of X in the equation,  $F = 6\pi \eta X$  is  $(F - Force; \eta - Coefficient of viscosity)$ 

- A)  $M^0L^2T^{-1}$
- B)  $ML^2T^{-2}$
- c)  $M^0L^2T^{-2}$
- D)  $M^0L^3T^{-2}$
- E)  $ML^2T^{-1}$

Correct Answer: Option A

- 77. One torr is
  - A) 1 mm of Hg
  - B) 1 cm of Hg
  - c) 76 mm of Hg
  - **D**) 100 mm of Hg
  - E) 76 cm of Hg

Correct Answer: Option A

**78.** A particle moving with an initial velocity of 1  $ms^{-1}$  has an uniform acceleration of 2 m  $s^{-2}$ . The distances travelled by the particle in the first two intervals of 5 s are respectively

- **A)** 30 m and 110 m
- **B**) 50 m and 110 m
- **c**) 40 m and 80 m
- **D**) 30 m and 80 m
- **E**) 60 m and 160 m

Correct Answer: Option D

When a cricketer hits a ball at an angle of  $45^{\circ}$  with an initial velocity of  $40~ms^{-1}$ , the ball 79. falls on the ground at a distance of 160 m. If he hits the ball at the same angle with an initial velocity of 50 ms<sup>-1</sup> the ball will fall at a distance of

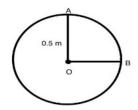
- **A)** 480 m
- **B**) 180 m
- **c**) 280 m
- **D**) 300 m

E) 250 m

Correct Answer: Option E

A ball moves in a circle of radius 0.5 m from A to B in  $\sqrt{2}\,$  s. The average velocity of the ball is (in  $ms^{-1}$ )

80.



- A) 0.25
- **B**) 0.5
- **c**) 0.75
- **D**) 1.5
- E) 1.25

Correct Answer: Option B

A block of mass m suspended from the ceiling of a lift by an inextensible string of negligible mass. When the lift moves in the upward direction with an acceleration of 0.2 ms<sup>-2</sup>, the tension acting on the wire is 80 N. Then the mass of the block is

- **A**) 1 kg
- **B**) 2 kg
- **c**) 8 kg
- **D**) 6 kg
- **E**) 4 kg

Correct Answer: Option C

- 82. The force to be applied to a body of mass 200 g to change its velocity by 25  $ms^{-1}$  in 5 s is
  - **A**) 2.5 N
  - **B**) 50 N
  - c) 3 N
  - **D**) 30 N
  - E) 1N

Correct Answer: Option E

- **83.** Two bodies having masses in the ratio 1:3 have equal linear momentum. Their respective kinetic energies are in the ratio
  - **A**) 3:1
  - B) 1:2
- c) 1:3

- 4:1 D) 2:1 E) Correct Answer: Option A 84.
- A particle moving in a horizontal circle of radius 0.5 *m* completes half rotation. The work done by the centripetal force of 5 N on the particle (in J) is
- 2 A)
- 5 B)
- 2.5 C)
- 3 D)
- 1 E)

Correct Answer: Option B

- The moment of inertia and rotational kinetic energy of a rigid body about an axis are 85. respectively 4  $kgm^2$  and 50 J. The angular velocity of the body (in rad  $s^{-1}$ ) is
  - 10 A)
  - 20 B)
  - C) 25
  - 5 D)
  - 15 E)

Correct Answer: Option D

- If a torque of 1.25 Nm acts on a circular ring for a duration of 4 s, then its angular 86. momentum changes by  $(kgm^2 s^{-1})$ 
  - 25 A)
  - B) 50
  - 15 C)
  - 5 D)
  - E) 10

Correct Answer: Option D

- If the angular displacement made by a rotating wheel in 10 s is  $150\pi$  radian, then the 87. number of revolutions made by it is
  - A) 75
  - 100 B)
  - 300 C)
  - 150 D)
  - 50 E)

Correct Answer: Option A

Two satellites A and B are orbiting the earth at a height of 2.5R and 7.5R respectively 88. from the centre of the earth. The ratio of time periods of A and B is

- A)  $\sqrt{3}:1$
- B)  $1:3\sqrt{3}$
- c)  $1:\sqrt{3}$
- D)  $1: 2\sqrt{3}$
- E)  $3\sqrt{3}:1$

Correct Answer: Option B

The orbital velocity  $v_o$  of an artificial satellite revolving around the earth at a height R

- **89.** from the surface of the earth in terms of escape velocity  $v_e$  from the earth is (R radius of the earth)
- A)  $\frac{v_e}{2}$
- B)  $\frac{v_e}{4}$
- C)  $\frac{v_e}{\sqrt{2}}$
- D)  $v_e$
- E)  $\sqrt{2}v_e$

Correct Answer: Option A

- 90.  $\Pr_a$  is the atmospheric pressure and P is the absolute pressure at a depth h in an ocean. The gauge pressure at the depth h is
- A)  $P + P_a$
- $\mathbf{B} ) \quad \frac{P P_a}{2}$
- c)  $2P P_a$
- $\mathbf{D} ) \quad \frac{P + P_a}{2}$
- E)  $P-P_a$

Correct Answer : Option E

- **91.** The principle behind the function of Bunsen burner is
  - A) Pascal's law
  - B) law of flotation
  - c) venturimeter
  - D) Toricelli's law
  - E) Archemedes' principle

Correct Answer : Option C

- 92. Bernoulli's principle is applicable to
- A) non-viscous, incompressible fluids in streamline flow

- B) viscous, compressible fluids in streamline flow
- c) viscous, incompressible fluids in streamline flow
- **D**) non-viscous, incompressible fluids in turbulent flow
- E) non-viscous, compressible fluids in turbulent flow

Correct Answer: Option A

- 93. Specific heat capacity of a substance depends on the
  - A) material of the substance only
  - B) volume of the substance only
  - c) mass of the substance only
  - **D**) material and temperature of the substance
  - E) mass and volume of the substance

Correct Answer: Option D

- **94.** Which one is INCORRECT statement?
- A) In an isochoric process, volume remains constant
- B) In an adiabatic process, there is a heat exchange with the surrounding
- c) In an isobaric process, pressure remains constant
- **D**) In an isothermal process, temperature remains constant
- **E**) In a cyclic process, the change in internal energy is zero

Correct Answer: Option B

**95.** The number of molecules contained in the gas of mass M is  $(M_o$  - molar mass,  $N_A$  - Avogadro's number)

A) 
$$\left(\frac{M}{M_o}\right)\frac{1}{N_A}$$

B) 
$$\left(\frac{M_o}{M}\right)N_A$$

C) 
$$\left(M\!M_o\right)N_A$$

$$\mathbf{D}) \qquad \frac{(MM_o)^{\frac{1}{N_A}}}{N_A}$$

**E**) 
$$\left(\frac{M}{M_o}\right)N_A$$

Correct Answer: Option E

- **96.** If the mean free path of a gas molecule at 27 °C is  $10 \times 10^{-7}$  m. Its mean free path at 87 °C is
- **A)**  $12 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$
- **B**)  $8 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{m}$
- **C**)  $6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$
- **D**)  $10 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{m}$

**E**)  $14 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ 

Correct Answer: Option A

- 97. If the speed of the transverse wave in a wire under certain tension T is v, then its speed under tension 2T (in  ${\rm ms}^{-1}$ ) is
  - A)  $\frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$
  - в) 2*v*
  - c)  $\sqrt{2}v$
  - $\mathbf{D} ) \quad \frac{3v}{\sqrt{2}}$
  - E)  $\frac{v}{2}$

Correct Answer: Option C

- 98. A musician hits a drum 90 times in a minute. The time period of hit is
  - **A**) 1.34 s
  - **B**) 1.5 s
  - **C**) 0.33 s
  - **D**) 0.75 s
  - **E**) 0.67 s

Correct Answer: Option E

- **99.** If the time period of a particle executing SHM is 8 s, then the time period of the potential energy of this particle is
  - A) 16 s
  - **B**) 4s
  - **c**) 2s
  - **D**) 8s
  - E) 32 s

Correct Answer: Option B

- 100. Which one of the following pairs of charges separated by the same distance r will experience a maximum force?
  - **A)** 0.3 C and 0.7 C
  - **B**) 0.1 C and 0.9 C
  - **c**) 0.2 C and 0.8 C
  - **D**) 0.5 C and 0.5 C
  - E) 0.4 C and 0.6 C

Correct Answer: Option D

**101.** A charge of 5 C is moved from a point P to another point Q by doing a work of 10 J. If the potential at P is 0.5 V, then the potential at Q is

- **A**) 1.0V
- **B**) 2.0V
- c) 2.5 V
- **D**) 1.5V
- E) 3.0V

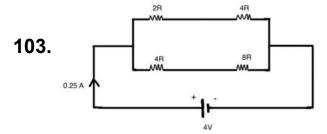
Correct Answer: Option C

The equivalent capacitance of n capacitors of equal capacitance when connected in **102.** series and parallel are respectively 0.4  $\mu F$  and 10  $\mu F$ . The capacitance of each capacitor is

- **A**) 2µF
- **B**) 4µF
- c) 5 µF
- **D**) 6 µF
- E) 1µF

Correct Answer: Option A

The value of R in the given circuit is



- A)  $0.4 \Omega$
- **B**) 8Ω
- **c**) 2Ω
- D) 0.8  $\Omega$
- E)  $4\Omega$

Correct Answer: Option E

**104.** The resistance of a wire at 30°C and 40°C are respectively 5  $\Omega$  and 6  $\Omega$ . The temperature coefficient of resistance of the material of the wire (in per degree Celcius) is

- **A)** 0.04
- **B**) 0.05
- **c**) 0.02
- **D**) 0.03
- **E**) 0.01

Correct Answer: Option B

105	A wire of 25 $\Omega$ resistance is cut into $n$ pieces of equal length. If these pieces of wires are
	connected in parallel, their equivalent resistance is 1 $\Omega$ , then the value of $n$ is
A)	3
B)	6 8
C)	5
D) E)	4
<b>-</b> )	
Co	orrect Answer: Option D
	A coil having 100 turns and an area of 0.02 $m^2$ is placed with its plane perpendicular to the magnetic field of 1 Wb $m^{-2}$ . The magnetic flux linked with the coil is
<b>A</b> )	zero
B)	1 Wb
C)	2 Wb
D)	3 Wb
E)	5 Wb
Co	prrect Answer : Option C
107.	Two charged particles of same mass but having charges in the ratio 1: 4 enter a uniform perpendicular magnetic field. The ratio of their time period in their respective circular path is
A)	1: 4
B)	1: 8
C)	8: 1
D)	4: 1
E)	2: 1
Co	orrect Answer : Option D
108.	Which one is not a ferromagnetic material?
<b>A</b> )	cobalt
В)	tungsten
C)	nickel
D)	gadolinium
E)	iron
Co	prrect Answer : Option B
109.	If an inductor coil of self-inductance 2 H stores 25 J of magnetic energy, then the current I passing through it is
A)	25 A
B)	10A
C)	15A
D)	2 A

E) 5A

#### Correct Answer: Option E

- **110.** When a current passing through a coil changes at the rate of  $30 As^{-1}$ , the emf induced in the coil is 12 V. The self-inductance of the coil is
  - **A)** 0.4 H
  - **B**) 0.2 H
  - **c**) 0.6 H
  - **D**) 0.3 H
  - **E**) 0.1 H

Correct Answer: Option A

- An electromagnetic wave travelling in vacuum has its electric field component,  $E = 15 \sin \left[ 1.57y + 5.4t \right]_{j}^{h}$  The wavelength of the wave is
- **A)** 4.0 m
- **B**) 3.0 m
- **c**) 2.5 m
- **D**) 2.0 m
- **E**) 1.0 m

Correct Answer: Option A

- 112. Chromatic aberration arises in thick lenses due to
- A) scattering of light
- B) refraction of light
- c) interference of light
- **D**) reflection of light
- E) dispersion of light

Correct Answer: Option E

- **113.** An unpolarized light incident on a plane glass surface gets totally polarized on reflection. If the refractive index of glass is tan 57°, then the angle of refraction is
- $\mathbf{A}$ )  $90^{\circ}$
- B) 33°
- **c**) 13°
- $D) 37^{\circ}$
- E)  $45^{\circ}$

Correct Answer: Option B

- **114.** Light energy is redistributed in
- A) diffraction and interference
- B) reflection and diffraction

- c) refraction and interference
- **D**) reflection and polarisation
- E) polarization and refraction

Correct Answer: Option A

Which one of the following statements is INCORRECT?

115.

In photoelectric effect

- A) Threshold frequency is different for different metals
- B) The same metal gives same response to light of different wavelengths
- c) The emission of photoelectrons is an instantaneous process
- Above the threshold frequency the number of photoelectrons emitted per sec is directlyproportional to the intensity of incident radiation
- The maximum K.E. of the photoelectrons is independent of the intensity of incident radiation

Correct Answer: Option B

When an electron is accelerated from rest by a potential of 480 V, the wavelength **116.** associated with it is  $\lambda$ . If the electron at rest is accelerated by a potential of 120 V, then the wavelength associated with it is

- **A**) 5λ
- B) 4λ
- **C**) 2λ
- **D**) 3λ
- **E**) 6λ

Correct Answer: Option C

117. In hydrogen spectrum, the shortest wavelength of Bracket series is produced during the transition between the states

- A)  $n_2 = 5$  and  $n_1 = 4$
- B)  $n_2 = 4$  and  $n_1 = 1$
- c)  $n_2 = 4$  and  $n_1 = 3$
- D)  $n_2 = \infty$  and  $n_1 = 4$
- E)  $n_2 = 4$  and  $n_1 = 2$

Correct Answer: Option D

**118.** A radioactive element having  $6 \times 10^5$  atoms initially decays and is left with  $0.75 \times 10^5$  undecayed atoms in 48 years. The half-life time of this radioactive element is

- A) 16 years
- B) 24 years
- c) 12 years
- **D**) 6 years
- E) 18 years

#### Correct Answer: Option A

119.	The possible number	of energy states i	n a Ge crysta	l containing 5 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	atoms is
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- **A)**  $2 \times 10^4$
- B)  $4 \times 10^4$
- C)  $4 \times 10^4$
- D)  $3 \times 10^4$
- E)  $5 \times 10^4$

#### Correct Answer: Option B

**120.** A pn junction diode without any voltage biasing acts as a

- A) rectifier
- B) resistor
- c) ac generator
- **D**) voltage regulator
- E) transformer

Correct Answer: Option B

How many moles of methane are required to produce 11 g  $CO_{2(g)}$  after combustion? (Molar mass of  $CO_2$  = 44 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)

- A) 0.25
- **B**) 0.5
- **c**) 1.5
- **D**) 2.0
- E) 2.5

Correct Answer: Option A

**122.** A sub-atomic particle of mass  $6.63 \times 10^{-31}$  kg is moving with a velocity of  $1 \times 10^6$  ms  $^{-1}$ . What is the de Broglie wave length (in nm) associated with it (h =  $6.63 \times 10^{-34}$  Js)?

- **A**) 10.0
- **B**) 1.0
- **c**) 0.10
- **D**) 5.0
- E) 0.50

Correct Answer: Option B

**123.** For hydrogen atom, the orbitals with the lowest energy among the given orbitals are (i) 4s (ii)  $2p_x$  (iii)  $3d_z 2$  (iv)  $2p_v$ 

- **A**) (i) & (iii)
- B) (ii) & (iv)

- (ii) & (iii) C)
- (ii) only D)
- E) (i) only

#### Correct Answer: Option B

Which of the following species will have the largest and the smallest sizes respectively?

**124**.

Na, Mg, Na<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>

- Mg and Na<sup>+</sup> A)
- Mg and Mg<sup>2+</sup> B)
- Na and  $Mq^{2+}$ C)
- Na and Mg D)
- Na<sup>+</sup> and Mg E)

Correct Answer: Option C

- **125.** Which of the following statement is INCORRECT?
- The dipole moment of  $BF_3$  is zero. A)
- The bond order of CO molecule is the same as the bond order in NO<sup>+</sup> ion. B)
- In ozone molecule, the two O-O bond lengths are equal. C)
- The dipole moment of  $NF_3$  is much greater than that in  $NH_3$ D)
- Carbonate ion has three canonical forms. E)

Correct Answer: Option D

In which of following reactions entropy decreases?

(i)  $2Pb(NO_3)_{2(s)} \rightarrow 2PbO_{(s)} + 4NO_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}$ 

- **126.** (ii)  $H_2O_{(g)} \to H_2O_{(l)}$ 
  - (iii)  $Br_{2(l)} \rightarrow 2Br_{(q)}$
  - (iv)  $C_6H_{6(l)} \to C_6H_{6(s)}$
  - **A**) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
  - (i) and (iii) B)
  - (i) and (iii) C)
  - (i) and (iv) D)
  - (ii) and (iv) E)

Correct Answer: Option E

The enthalpy of combustion values of  $C_2H_{4(q)}$ , C(graphite,s) and  $H_{2(q)}$  are

- **127.** respectively -1411kJ mol $^{-1}$ , -394 kJ mol $^{-1}$  and -286 kJ mo $^{-1}$ . What is the value of enthalpy of formation of  $C_2H_{4(q)}$  in kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>?
  - -102 A)

- **B**) -51
- c) +102
- D) +153
- E) +51

#### Correct Answer: Option E

The following concentrations were obtained in the formation of  $NH_{3(g)}$  from  $N_{2(g)}$  and  $H_{2(g)}$  at equilibrium at 500 K:

**128.**  $[NH_3] = 1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$ ,  $[N_2] = 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$  and  $[H_2] = 0.10 \text{ M}$  Calculate the equilibrium constant for the reaction (in dm<sup>6</sup> mol<sup>-3</sup>) at 500 K.

$$N_{2(g)} + 3H_{2(g)} = 2NH_{3(g)}$$

- **A)** 0.45
- **B**) 4.5
- **c**) 45.0
- **D**)  $4.5 \times 10^{-2}$
- E)  $4.5 \times 10^{-3}$

Correct Answer: Option C

129. Which of the following is a Lewis acid?

- A) HCI
- B) HO<sup>-</sup>
- $c_1$   $H_2O$
- D)  $Co^{3+}$
- E) NH<sub>3</sub>

Correct Answer : Option D

The EMF of the following cell at 298K is

**130.**  $Mg(s) | Mg^{2+}(aq) (0.10M) | | Ag^{+}(aq)(0.001M) | Ag_{(S)}$  (Given:  $E_{cell}^{0}$ =3.17V and 2.303RT/F = 0.06 V)

- **A**) 3.32V
- **B**) 2.96V
- **c**) 3.02V
- **D**) 3.17V
- E) 3.47V

Correct Answer: Option C

131. The electrolyte used in lead storage battery is

 $A_1$  10%  $H_2SO_4$  aqueous solution

- B) 60% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution
- c) 38% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution
- D) 38% HCl aqueous solution
- E) 60% HCl aqueous solution

Correct Answer: Option C

- 132. The binary liquid mixture that has positive deviation from Raoult's law is
- A) Chloroform-Acetone
- B) Chloroethane-Bromoethane
- c) Phenol-Aniline
- D) Benzene-Toluene
- E) Ethanol-Acetone

Correct Answer: Option E

- **133.** A first order reaction has a rate constant of  $6.93 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$  at 300 K. What is the half life period of the reaction in seconds at the same temperature?
  - A) 693
  - B) 6930
  - **c**) 10000
  - **D**) 1000
  - E) 500

Correct Answer: Option D

- **134.** Which of the following is true in respect of a zero order reaction?
- A) Plot of [Reactant] against time is a straight line with slope equal to k
- B) Plot of [Reactant] against time is a straight line with slope equal to -k
- c) Plot of [Reactant] against time is a straight line with slope equal to 2.303 k
- D) Plot of [Reactant] against time is a straight line with slope equal to -2.303 k
- E) Plot of [Reactant] against time is a straight line with slope equal to -k/2.303

Correct Answer: Option B

- 135. Which of the following 3d transition metal has +5 state as the more stable state?
  - **A**) Titanium
  - **B**) Vanadium
  - c) Manganese
  - D) Nickel
  - E) Silver

Correct Answer: Option B

In acidic medium, dichromate behaves as an oxidizing agent which can be represented as

**136.** 
$$Cr2O_7^2 - + xH^+ + ye^- \rightarrow 2Cr^{3+} + zH_2O$$

The values of x, y and z are respectively

- **A**) 6, 7 and 14
- **B**) 7, 6 and 14
- c) 14, 6 and 7
- **D**) 14, 7 and 6
- E) 6,12 and 7

Correct Answer: Option C

**137.** Which of the following is not an interstitial compound?

- A)  $Sc_2O_3$
- B) TiC
- c) Mn<sub>4</sub>N
- D) TiH<sub>1.7</sub>
- E) Fe<sub>3</sub>H

Correct Answer: Option A

138. Which of the following transition metal has the highest magnetic moment?

- A)  $Sc^{3+}$
- B) Ti<sup>3+</sup>
- $\mathbf{C}$ )  $\mathrm{Cr}^{2+}$
- D)  $Fe^{2+}$
- E)  $Mn^{2+}$

Correct Answer : Option E

139. Which of the following complex is optically active?

- A)  $trans [CrCl_2(ox)_2]^{3}$
- B)  $trans [PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$
- $c_1$  cis  $-[Pt(NH_3)_2]Cl_2$
- $\mathbf{p}_{1}$  trans  $-[Pt(NH_{3})_{2}]Cl_{2}$
- $E_1$  cis  $-[PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$

Correct Answer : Option E

**140.** The number of bridging carbonyl groups in  $[Mn_2(CO)_{10}]$  is

- A) 2
- **B**) 0
- c) 4
- **D**) 3
- E) 1

Correct Answer: Option B

- 141. On complete combustion 0.12g of an organic compound gives 0.11g of CO<sub>2</sub>. What is the percentage of carbon in the organic compound?
- **A**) 15%
- B) 20%
- c) 25%
- **D**) 17.5%
- E) 21.5%

Correct Answer: Option C

- 142. One mole of an alkene reacts with acidic  $KMnO_4$  to give two moles of ethanoic acid. What is the alkene?
  - A) 2-Methylpropene
  - B) 1-Butene
  - c) 2-Pentene
  - **D**) 2-Butene
  - E) 2-Methyl-2-butene

Correct Answer: Option D

- **143.** Which of the following is a vicinal dihalide?
  - A) 1,1-Dibromopropane
  - B) 1,2-Dibromopropane
  - c) 1,3-Dibromopropane
  - **D**) Benzal dibromide
  - E) 1,3-Dibromobutane

Correct Answer: Option B

- **144.**  $S_N$ 1 reaction is most favoured by
  - A) Ethyl bromide
  - B) 2-methyl-2-bromopropane
  - c) 2-bromopropane
  - **D**) 1-bromopropane
  - E) 1-bromobutane

Correct Answer: Option B

Phenol is treated with Con. $H_2SO_4$  to gives a product 'X" which on treatment with Con. $H_2SO_3$  gives compound 'Y'. The compounds 'X' and 'Y' are respectively

- A) Phenol-2- sulphonic acid and 2-nitrophenol
- B) Phenol-2-sulphonic acid and 4-nitrophenol
- c) Phenol-2-sulphonic acid, mixture of 2-nitrophenol and 4-nitrophenol
- D) Phenol-2,4-disulphonic acid, mixture of 2-nitrophenol and 4-nitrophenol
- E) Phenol-2,4-disulphonic acid and picric acid

Correct Answer: Option E

- 146. Denatured alcohol with colour and foul smell is made now a days by mixing ethanol with
  - A) Methanol
  - B) ZnSO<sub>4</sub> and thiophene
  - c) CuSO<sub>4</sub> and pyridine
  - D) FeSO<sub>4</sub> and furan
  - E)  $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$  and hexane

Correct Answer: Option C

- 147. Benzoyl chloride is converted to benzaldehyde by
  - A) Etard reaction
  - B) Stephen reaction
  - c) Gatterman reaction
  - **D**) Gatterman Koch reaction
  - E) Rosenmund reaction

Correct Answer: Option E

- 148. In which of the following liquid inter molecular hydrogen bonding does not exist?
- A)  $CH_3COOH$
- B)  $C_2H_5OH$
- c) Phenol
- D) Diethylether
- E) Ethylamine

Correct Answer: Option D

- 149. The IUPAC name of allylamine is
  - A) But-2-en-1-amine
  - B) But-1-en-2-amine
  - c) Prop-2-en-1-amine
  - D) Prop-1-en-2-amine
  - E) 2-Amino 1-propene

Correct Answer : Option C

**150.** The carbohydrate found in yeast is

- A) lactose
- B) starch
- c) cellulose
- **D**) maltose
- E) glycogen

Correct Answer : Option E